

## Spring Virtual Workshops Crash Data Fact Sheet

**SOUTHERN RURAL REGION - 2025** 





Fatalities and Serious Injuries (FSI) Victims and Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled (DVMT) by Year





#### **COUNTIES:**

- Imperial
- Riverside
- San Bernardino



#### **Pandemic Impact**

Pandemic Years (2020–2022) vs. Pre-Pandemic Years (2017–2019)

More people were killed or seriously injured, even when there were fewer drivers on the road.

**FSI Crashes** 

16%

increase in FSI crashes



**DVMT** 

**5% ↓** 

decrease in DVMT



**FSI Crash Rate** 

**22% 1** 

increase in FSI crash rate



<sup>1,</sup> DVMT Source: California Highway Performance Monitoring System

<sup>2.</sup> All crash data is Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) unless otherwise noted.

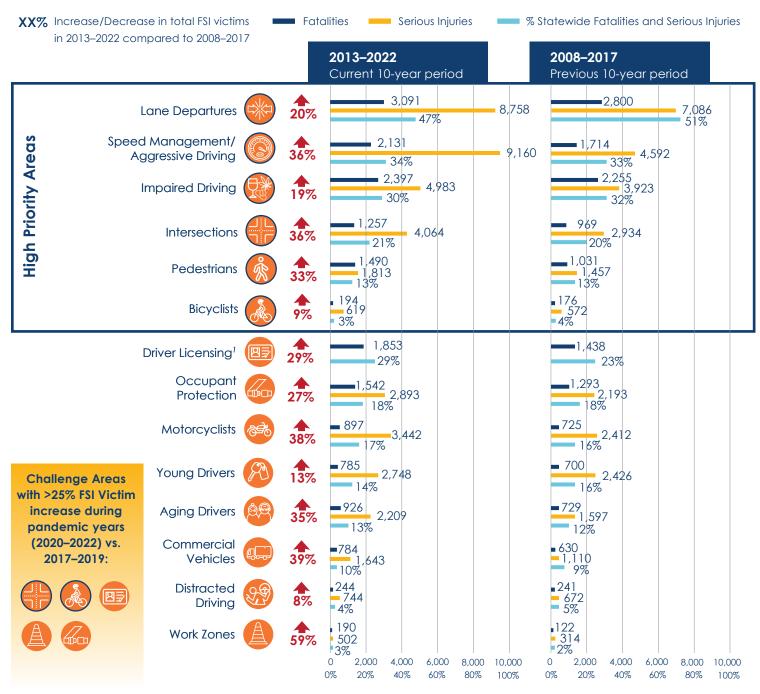


## FSI Victims by Challenge Area



**14 of 14 Challenge Areas increased** in total FSI Victims in the 2013–2022 10-year period, compared to 2008–2017.

Some fatalities and serious injuries may involve more than one factor and are counted in multiple groups; the sum of all groups is greater than 100%.



<sup>1.</sup> Driver Licensing information based on FARS, which does not include serious injury data.

All crash data is Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) unless otherwise noted.

<sup>2.</sup> Emergency Response and Emerging Technologies Challenge Areas do not have reported crash data and are not represented in this chart.



#### Southern Rural Region: FSI Victims



37,960 Fatalities 145,061 Serious Injuries

Top Four Challenge Areas:



44%







27%

boldi: Trimite





13,321 Fatalities (35% of Statewide) 58,576 Serious Injuries (40% of Statewide)

Top Four Challenge Areas:



36%



36%







27%



24%

#### Southern CA - Rural

6,570 Fatalities (17% of Statewide) 18,409 Serious Injuries (13% of Statewide)

Top Four Challenge Areas:









30%

29%

Note: Some fatalities and injuries may involve more than one factor and are counted in multiple groups; the sum of all groups is greater than 100%.



Mariposa

Intersections



Lane Departures



**Driver Licensing** 



Speed Management/ Aggressive Driving

1. All crash data is Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) unless otherwise noted. 2. Driver Licensing information is sourced from FARS,

which does not include serious injury data.

### State Highway vs. Local Roads

More people were killed or seriously injured on local roadways versus state roadways from 2013 to 2022, despite a majority of DVMT (59%) in the Southern Rural region occurring on state highways.





#### Rural Roads vs. Urban Roads

A significant portion of roadways in the Southern Rural region are located in areas of higher population and/ or higher population density (urban\*). Urban roadways made up 67% of FSI victims in the Southern Rural region from 2013 to 2022.

#### **FSI Victims**







\*US Census Bureau "Urban Areas" dataset (2020)





### FSI Victim Summary by Challenge Area

Southern Rural Region 2013–2022

Challenge Area	Statewide %	Southern CA – Rural	Imperial	Riverside	San Bernardino
Lane Departures	44%	47%	55%	47%	47%
Speed Management/ Aggressive Driving	34%	34%	27%	33%	36%
Impaired Driving	26%	30%	21%	33%	27%
Impaired Driving Intersections  Pedestrians	24%	21%	26%	21%	21%
Pedestrians Pedestrians	17%	13%	9%	13%	14%
Bicyclists	6%	3%	2%	4%	3%
Occupant Protection	13%	18%	23%	16%	19%
Motorcyclists	19%	17%	9%	19%	17%
Young Drivers	13%	14%	14%	15%	13%
Young Drivers  Aging Drivers  Commercial Vehicles	13%	13%	16%	13%	11%
Commercial Vehicles	7%	10%	14%	8%	11%
Distracted Driving	4%	4%	6%	4%	4%
Work Zones	2%	3%	1%	3%	3%
Driver Licensing <sup>1</sup>	27%	29%	25%	28%	29%

<sup>1.</sup> Driver Licensing data is sourced from FARS, which does not include serious injury data.

Data Source: Statewide Integrated Reporting System (SWITRS)

<sup>2.</sup> Some fatalities and injuries may involve more than one factor and are counted in multiple groups; the sum of all groups is greater than 100%. Emergency Response and Emerging Technologies Challenge Areas do not have reported crash data and are not represented in this chart.



#### Southern Rural Region – Crash Rate by County

2013-2022

Challenge Area	Statewide %	Southern CA – Rural	Imperial	Riverside	San Bernardino
FSI Crashes	159,658	20,926	882	10,287	9,757
DVMT	9,078,250	1,240,424	67,036	603,421	569,967
FSI Crash Rate	4.82	4.62	3.60	4.67	4.69
FSI Crash Rate - Statewide Rank*			54	46	45

<sup>\*</sup>FSI Crash Rate - Statewide Rank is out of 58 counties in California (1 representing county with highest crash rate) DVMT is expressed in thousands (1,000) Crash Rate is calculated per 100k DVMT

#### Southern Rural Region – Pandemic Impact by County

Pandemic Years (2020–2022) vs. Pre-Pandemic Years (2017–2019)

Challenge Area	Statewide %	Southern CA – Rural	Imperial	Riverside	San Bernardino
FSI Crashes	10%	16%	<b>1</b> 27%	22%	10%
DVMT	-11%	-5%	-20%	-3%	-5%
FSI Crash Rate	25%	22%	60%	25%	15%





- 1. DVMT Source: California Highway Performance Monitoring System
- 2. All crash data is Statewide Integrated Traffic Records System (SWITRS) unless otherwise noted.

# California SHSP Tribal Data

**SOUTHERN RURAL REGION: 2013-2022** 







## Comparing Share of FSI Victims by Challenge Areas in Southern Rural Region Tribal Areas to Overall Southern Rural Region

Fatalities and Serious Injuries, 2013–2022

#### Challenge Areas disproportionately impacting Tribal Areas in Southern Rural Region



Intersections



Pedestrians



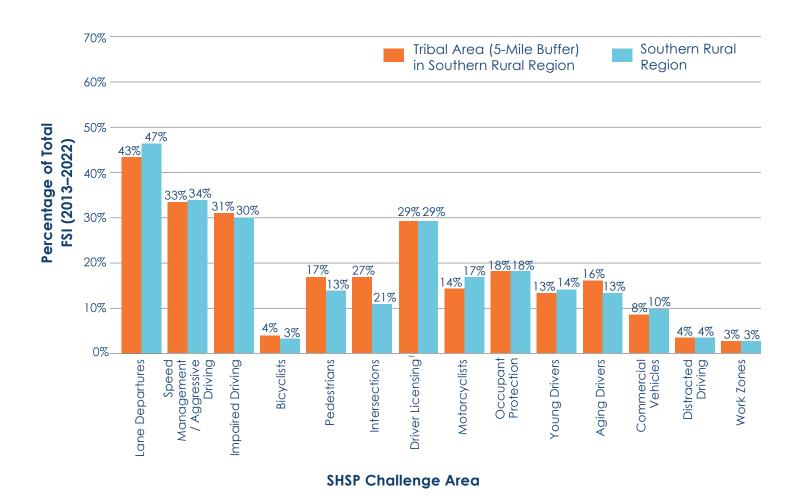
Aging Drivers





Bicyclists

Challenge Areas with higher percentage of FSI in Tribal Areas compared to statewide, listed in descending order (highest to lowest)



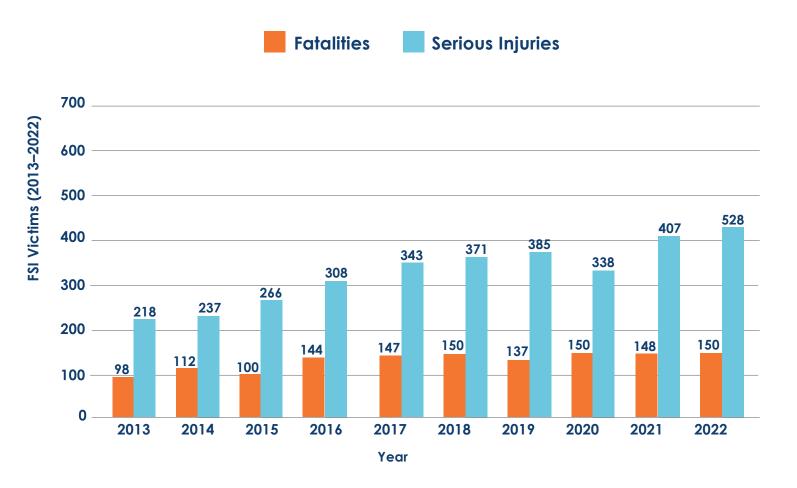
Source: University of California, Berkeley's Safe Transportation Research and Education Center (SWITRS 2013–2022)

- 1. Driver Licensing information is sourced from FARS, which does not include serious injury data.
- 2. Emergency Response and Emerging Technologies Challenge Areas do not have reported crash data and are not represented in this chart.





2013-2022





Since 2013, FSI victims in Southern Rural region tribal areas increased by 132%, versus the overall regionwide increase of 82%.

Source: University of California, Berkeley's Safe Transportation Research and Education Center (SWITRS 2013–2022), Fatalitity Analysis Reporting System (FARS 2013–2022)

1. Tribal areas defined as areas within 5 miles of tribal boundaries