



Geotechnical /Structures

May 2025

### **Project Title:**

Development of Design Evaluation Criteria in Performance Based Seismic Design (PBSD) of Cut and Cover Tunnel

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# Development of Design Evaluation Criteria in Performance Based Seismic Design (PBSD) of Cut and Cover Tunnel

Bridge research to establish seismic damage levels in terms of engineering demand parameters (EDPs) for Cut and Cover Tunnel.

## WHAT IS THE NEED?

In the past, the design of the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) tunnel projects solely relied on project specific seismic design criteria. As a result, seismic structural performance varied from project to project. Recent advances in tunnel design have the potential to implement Performance Based Seismic Design (PBSD). PBSD can be used to quantify different seismic damage levels in terms of Engineering Demand Parameters, EDPs (such as ductility demand, drift ratio, and strain), given all possible seismic events. The long-term goal in developing Cut-and-Cover tunnel (CACT) seismic design criteria is to estimate the probability of various damage levels for design life of the structure when subjected to all possible earthquakes and to achieve seismic design uniformity in terms of performance levels. What is needed is to establish experimental based correlation between EDPs, damage levels, and develop a framework for the seismic design of CACT.

#### WHAT ARE WE DOING?

Caltrans is contracting with University of California, San Diego to investigate the varies damage states of Cut and Cover Tunnel. This research will involve experimental testing and numerical simulation of typical cut and cover tunnel type. Conduct soil-structure-interaction (SSI) analyses and identify critical deformation demands for testing. Perform cyclic pushover tests to capture tunnel deformation and displacement. Identify different damages states in terms of functional limit state and collapse limit state. Conduct post-



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test model validation and parametric study on influence of design parameters. Develop preliminary fragility framework for cut and cover tunnel.

## WHAT IS OUR GOAL?

The goals of this project are to establish experimental based correlation between EDPs, damage levels, and develop a framework for preliminary fragility curves for CACT.

## WHAT IS THE BENEFIT?

Bridges and tunnels play a critical role in our transportation system in enhancing California mobility and economy. In the past, most of the design efforts are mainly focused on bridge performance. Uniform tunnel design has become increasingly important as we transition to a performance-based design framework in targeting equal risk of structure damage. The benefit of this uniform performance will be increased network reliability and cost efficiency. Like bridge, the quantification of tunnel performance has the added benefit of providing Caltrans and stakeholders critical information for decision making and future planning of California's transportation network.

## WHAT IS THE PROGRESS TO DATE?

This project is targeted to being on May 1, 2023 and continue for 42 months.

Finite element models were developed for prototype RC tunnel linings and the modeling scheme was validated with experimental data from a tunnel model test. A soil-tunnel model was developed for SSI analyses using the software platform OpenSees. The model accounts for the nonlinear behaviors of the soil and tunnel lining. The soil was modeled with the PressureIndependendMultiYield (PIMY) material model in OpenSees. A numerical study was conducted to investigate the influence of different parameters for the soil-tunnel system on the racking response of the tunnel lining and the distribution of the soil pressure on the lining. The parameters

included the properties of the soil, the soil depth with respect to the bedrock, the burial depth of the tunnel, the sequence of soil placement around and above the tunnel lining, the properties of the backfill, the width of the tunnel, and the characteristics of the earthquake acceleration records.

Tunnel specimen was fabricated at the UCSD testing lab. The specimen was scaled down by 40% and was constructed with detailing requirement per Caltrans typical design. The lab test setup is underway. See Image 1.

## **IMAGE**

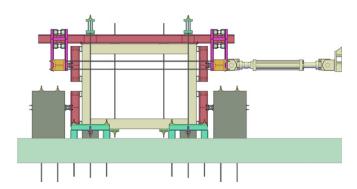


Image 1: Test Setup Overview (Curtesy of UCSD)

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