

Geotechnical/
Structure

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Project Title:
Liquefaction-Induced Ground
Settlement Procedure

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Liquefaction-Induced Ground Settlement Procedure

Bridge research to improve guidelines in the evaluation of post-earthquake liquefaction effects to bridge structures for an enhanced seismic performance transportation network.

WHAT IS THE NEED?

Practicing engineers require robust procedures to estimate post-liquefaction volumetric settlement, which is a key component of liquefaction effects on bridges, roads, and ports in the State of California. Research on the effects of the recent earthquakes in New Zealand provides a unique opportunity to obtain a comprehensive understanding of how sites with different subsurface conditions perform in major earthquakes with various levels of liquefaction. There is not enough detail information about ground performance to the degree of earthquake that exists in Christchurch and Wellington, New Zealand. The study takes advantage of this opportunity to advance the understanding and practice in liquefaction engineering, to produce a better procedure to estimate liquefaction effects on bridge foundations.

WHAT ARE WE DOING?

The proposed research plan will: (1) examine well-documented case histories of ground performance for three soil conditions at the Port of Wellington: gravel fill, sand fill, and silty soil; (2) characterize the ground conditions and liquefaction-induced volumetric settlement at 13 free-field sites at the port; and (3) combine the Wellington data with other case history data to develop a probabilistic method for estimating volumetric reconsolidation ground settlement, which assesses uncertainty.



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The study will identify the strengths and limitations of current procedures for evaluating liquefaction-induced volumetric reconsolidation ground settlement, and it will employ the excellent case histories of ground performance at the port to discern the reasons for the different levels of observed ground settlement. The primary focus of the proposed project is to develop a new method for estimating 1D post-liquefaction settlement.

WHAT IS OUR GOAL?

The primary objective of the proposed research project is to develop a new probabilistic method for estimating post-liquefaction volumetric settlement capitalizing on recent data from New Zealand. The project will incorporate liquefaction-induced settlement data from several earthquakes (e.g., 2013 & 2016 Wellington earthquakes and 2010-2011 Christchurch earthquakes) to broaden the existing database from older earthquakes (e.g., 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake) to make the new probabilistic method robust. Investigating liquefaction effects, such as ground settlement, provide invaluable information that will serve as benchmarks to our understanding of soil liquefaction characteristics. Insights from the study can improve current empirical liquefaction effects assessment procedures.

WHAT IS THE BENEFIT?

Simplified liquefaction triggering procedures and post-liquefaction settlement procedures provide useful insights, but they cannot explain the different levels of ground and facilities damage during three major New Zealand earthquakes affecting the Port of Wellington (Mw6.5 2013 Cook Strait, Mw6.6 2013 Lake Grassmere, and Mw7.8 2016 Kaikoura events). This sequence of earthquakes, each event with its different effects on the major port facilities in Wellington, warrants further study. Performance based earthquake engineering (PBEE) requires analytical tools that can discern varying levels of seismic performance. These well-recorded earthquakes, the comprehensive subsurface

investigations already performed, and the well-documented performance of the ground at the port provide an exceptional opportunity to evaluate the capabilities of current procedures and to support development of an improved procedure for evaluating ground performance at sites involving liquefaction by combining the Wellington data with those from other important earthquakes, such as those in the 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquake sequence.

The newly available case histories of ground performance, including those in Wellington and Christchurch, provide an unparalleled opportunity to develop robust probabilistic-based simplified procedures that can capture the different ground settlements measured at the port during these events.

This research project will provide a new probabilistic 1D post-liquefaction volumetric settlement procedure for use by Caltrans engineers and consultants. Learning from observations after design level earthquakes is invaluable to advancing understanding in earthquake engineering.

WHAT IS THE PROGRESS TO DATE?

This project is being initiated as a task order through the Caltrans PEER-Bridge Program. It is targeted to begin on October 01, 2021 and continue for 12 months.

Collected available CPT and settlement measurement data and developed database for 205 field case histories. Evaluated volumetric strain of nonplastic soil with uniform gradation (SP, SM, ML) and estimated settlement using the state parameter and relative density. Interrogated trends in the field data to develop method for estimating volumetric settlement. Developed method for estimating 1D post-liquefaction volumetric settlement.