

# Appendix D Example 21 – Continuous Pads – Individual Corbels

Refer to *Falsework Manual*, Section 8-2.04, *Continuous Pad with Single Corbel*. This example demonstrates how to analyze a continuous falsework pad with single corbels.

### Given Information

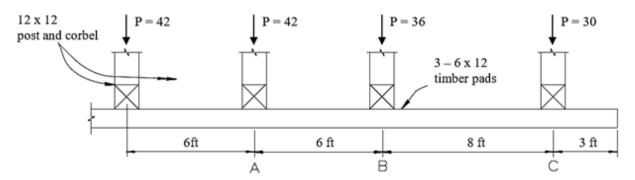


Figure D-21-1. Continuous Pad with Single Corbels

#### Timber pads:

Three 6 x 12 Rough Douglas Fir-Larch #2 (G=0.50)

#### Corbel:

12 x 12 Rough Douglas Fir-Larch #1 (G=0.50)

#### Post:

12 x 12 Douglas Fir-Larch #1 (G=0.50)

Allowable soil pressure = 3000 psf

#### Post A:

#### **Check Pad**

#### 1. Calculate allowable bending stress

Reference design value in bending  $F_b = 875$  psi (NDS supplement table 4D)

Adjustment factors from NDS table 4.3.1:

$C_D = 1.25$	Duration Factor
$C_{M} = 1.0$	Wet Service Factor NDS table 4D (Assume < 19% moisture content)
$C_t = 1.0$	Temperature Factor NDS table 2.3.3 (Temp up to 100°F)
$C_L = 1.0$	Beam Stability Factor NDS 4.4.1
$C_F = 1.0$	Size Factor NDS Table 4D
$C_{fu} = 1.0$	Flat Use Factor NDS table 4D
$C_i = 1.0$	Incising Factor NDS 4.3.8
$C_r = 1.0$	Repetitive Member Factor NDS 4.3.9

Adjusted design value Fb' = Fb  $(C_D)(C_M)(C_t)(C_L)(C_F)(C_i)(C_f)(C_f)$  = 1094 psi

#### 2. Calculate effective length

$$L_e = L_{SYM} = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8F_b'S}{1000P} + t \right) = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8(1094)(216)}{1000(42)} + 12 \right) = 4.75 \text{ ft}$$

$$S = \frac{bh^2}{6} = \frac{3(12)(6)^2}{6} = 216 \text{ in}^3$$

# 3. Find the limiting length

Compare effective length and post spacing 4.75 ft < 6.0 ft; Use effective length

#### 4. Calculate soil pressure

Soil pressure = 
$$\frac{P}{A} = \frac{42000}{3.0(4.75)} = 2947 \text{ psf}$$

2947 psf < 3000 psf allowable **OK** 

#### 5. Calculate horizontal shear stress

Reference design value in shear  $F_v = 170$  psi (NDS supplement table 4D)

Adjustment factors from NDS table 4.3.1:

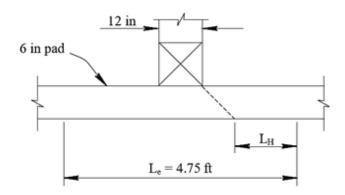
C<sub>D</sub> = 1.25 Duration Factor

C<sub>M</sub> = 1.0 Wet Service Factor NDS table 4D (Assume < 19% moisture content)

C<sub>t</sub> = 1.0 Temperature Factor NDS table 2.3.3 (Temp up to 100°F)

C<sub>i</sub> = 1.0 Incising Factor NDS table 4.3.8

Adjusted design value  $F_{V}' = F_{V}(C_{D})(C_{M})(C_{t})(C_{i}) = 213 \text{ psi}$ 



$$L_{H} = \frac{4.75}{2} - \frac{12/12}{2} - \frac{6}{12} = 1.38 \text{ ft}$$

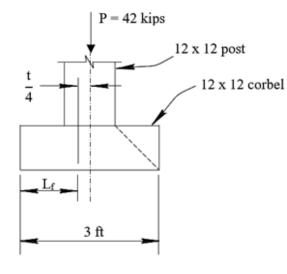
$$V = (2947)(1.38)(3.0) = 12201$$
 lbs

$$f_V = \frac{3V}{2A} = \frac{3(12201)}{2(6)(12)(3)} = 85 \text{ psi}$$

85 psi < 213 psi allowable **OK** 

Figure D-21-2. Post A Continuous Pad Shear Dimension

#### **Check corbel**



$$W = \frac{42000}{3} = 14000 \text{ plf}$$

$$S = \frac{bh^2}{b} = \frac{12(12)^2}{6} = 288 \text{ in}^3$$

$$A = bh = 12(12) = 144 in^2$$

$$L_f = \frac{3.0}{2} - \frac{12/12}{4} = 1.25 \text{ ft}$$

$$L_{H} = \frac{3.0}{2} - \frac{12/12}{2} - \frac{12}{12} = 0 \text{ ft}$$

Figure D-21-3. Post A Timber Corbel Flexure and Shear Dimensions

#### 1. Calculate compression perpendicular to grain

Reference design value Fc⊥ = 625 psi

Adjustment factors from NDS table 4.3.1:

C<sub>M</sub> = 1.0 Wet Service Factor NDS table 4D (Assume < 19% moisture content)

C<sub>t</sub> = 1.0 Temperature Factor NDS table 2.3.3 (Temp up to 100°F)

C<sub>i</sub> = 1.0 Incising Factor NDS table 4.3.8

C<sub>b</sub> = 1.0 Bearing Area Factor NDS 3.10.4

Adjusted design value  $F_{c}\perp' = F_{c}\perp(C_{M})(C_{t})(C_{i})(C_{b}) = 625 \text{ psi}$ 

$$f_c = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{42000}{144} = 292 \text{ psi}$$

292 psi < 625 psi allowable OK

#### 2. Calculate horizontal shear stress

V = 0(14000) = 0 lbs.

$$f_{V} = \frac{3V}{2A} = 0 \text{ psi } < 213 \text{ psi } \underline{\mathbf{OK}}$$

## 3. Calculate bending stress

$$M = \frac{WL^2}{2} = \frac{(14000)(1.25)^2}{2} = 10938 \text{ ft-lbs}$$

$$f_b = \frac{M}{S} = \frac{10938(12)}{288} = 456 \text{ psi}$$

Reference design value in bending F<sub>b</sub> = 1350 psi (NDS supplement table 4D)

Adjusted design value Fb' = Fb  $(C_D)(C_M)(C_t)(C_L)(C_F)(C_i)(C_f)$  = 1688 psi (see "Pad Check" step 1 for adjustment factors)

$$f_b = 456 \text{ psi} < F_b = 1688 \text{ psi allowable}$$
 OK

## Post B:

#### **Check Pad**

#### 1. Calculate effective length of pad short side

$$L_{\text{SYM}} = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8F_b'S}{1000P} + t \right) = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8(1094)(216)}{1000(36)} + 12 \right) = 5.38 \text{ ft}$$

$$S = \frac{bh^2}{6} = \frac{3(12)(6)^2}{6} = 216 \text{ in}^3$$

#### 2. Find limiting length on short side

Compare  $\frac{1}{2}$  of effective length and  $\frac{1}{2}$  post spacing

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (5.38 ft) = 2.69 ft

$$\frac{\text{post spacing}}{2} = \frac{6.00}{2} = 3.00$$

 $L_1 = 2.69$  ft (min. from above)

## 3. Find limiting length on long side

Compare  $\frac{1}{2}$  of effective length and  $\frac{1}{2}$  post spacing

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (5.38) = 2.69 ft

$$\frac{\text{post spacing}}{2} = \frac{8.0}{2} = 4.00 \text{ ft}$$

 $L_2 = 2.69$  ft (min. from above)

# 4. Calculate soil pressure

Bearing length =  $L_1 + L_2 = 2.69 + 2.69 = 5.38$  ft

Soil pressure = 
$$\frac{P}{A} = \frac{36000}{3(5.38)} = 2230 \text{ psf}$$

2230 psf < 3000 allowable **OK** 

# 5. Calculate horizontal shear in pad on long side

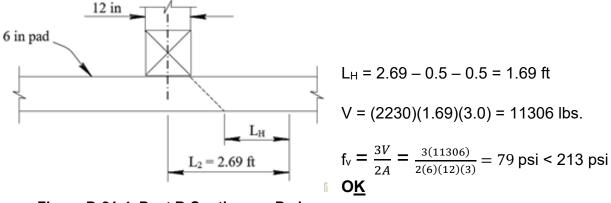


Figure D-21-4. Post B Continuous Pad Shear Dimension

#### **Check Corbel**

Corbel is **OK** by inspection (Post load at B < post load at A)

## Post C:

#### **Check Pad**

1. Calculate effective length of pad

$$L_{\text{SYM}} = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8F_b'S}{1000P} + t \right) = \frac{1}{12} \left( \frac{8(1094)(216)}{1000(30)} + 12 \right) = 6.25 \text{ ft}$$

2. Find limiting length on outside of post

Compare  $\frac{1}{2}$  of effective length and edge distance

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (6.25) = 3.13 ft

Edge distance = 3.00 ft

 $L_1 = 3.0$  ft (min. from above)

3. Find limiting length on inside of post

Compare  $\frac{1}{2}$  of effective length and  $\frac{1}{2}$  post spacing

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 (6.25) = 3.13 ft

$$\frac{\text{post spacing}}{2} = \frac{8.00}{2} = 4.00 \text{ ft}$$

 $L_2 = 3.13$  ft (min. from above)

## 4. Calculate soil pressure

Bearing length = 
$$L_1 + L_2 = 3.00 + 3.13 = 6.13$$
 ft

Soil pressure = 
$$\frac{P}{A} = \frac{30000}{3(6.13)} = 1631 \text{ psf}$$

1631 psf < 3000 psf allowable **OK** 

## 5. Calculate horizontal shear stress on long side

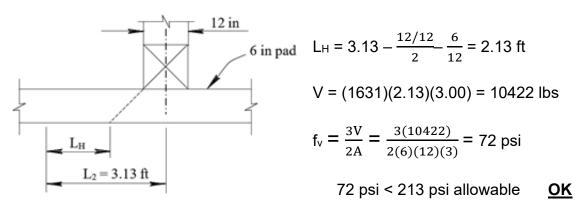


Figure D-21-5. Post C Continuous Pad Shear Dimension

#### **Check Corbel**

Corbel is **OK** by inspection (Post load at C < post load at A)