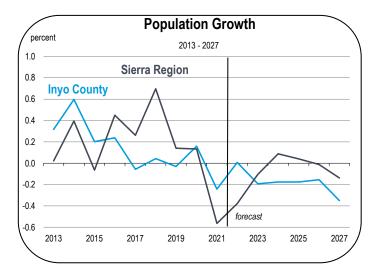
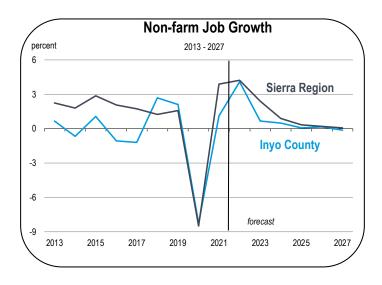
Forecast Summary

- The Inyo County labor market created 80 jobs in 2021 and is on pace to generate nearly 300 more jobs in 2022.
- Total employment will be entirely restored from the pandemic recession in 2023 or no later than 2024.
- Employment gains in 2022 will be largest in leisure services and in retail trade.
- The unemployment rate averaged 5.8 percent in 2021.
- The unemployment rate is forecast to average 3.6 percent in 2022 and 4.3 percent in 2023.
- The Inyo County population is expected to decline over the forecast period, a trend that has been generally in place since 2016, and predictable due to the disproportionately older resident population.
- The median home price increased by 12 percent in 2021.
- Home prices are expected to increase by 10 percent in 2022 and 2 percent in 2023. Zillow reports no observed change in the pace of price appreciation for Inyo County homes through October 2022.
- Inyo County is in the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range and sits above substantial geothermal activity. Geothermal power generation is being explored as a possible new industry within the county.

Job Growth

- Total employment in Inyo County will expand by 4.1 percent in 2022 on an annual average basis.
- Between 2022 and 2027, job growth will average 1.1 percent per year.

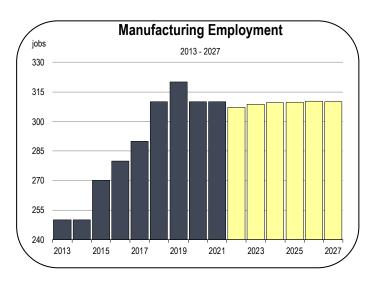


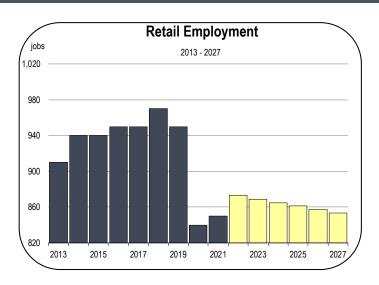


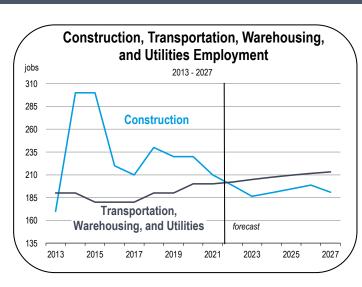
 Over the five-year forecast, 2022-2027, the fastest growing industry will be leisure and recreation services. Employment in this sector will rise sharply in 2022 and 2023 as jobs are restored from the pandemic recession.

Manufacturing Employment

- Inyo County manufacturing employment expanded rapidly between 2016 and 2021, increasing by more than 60 jobs.
- However, manufacturing jobs are not expected to increase over the forecast as this sector is highly automated.
- The Inyo County manufacturing sector is anchored by the Crystal Geyser water bottling plant in Olancha. Olancha was the original site for Crystal Geyser's water bottling operations. The current facility accounts for more than 75 percent of all jobs in the local manufacturing industry.







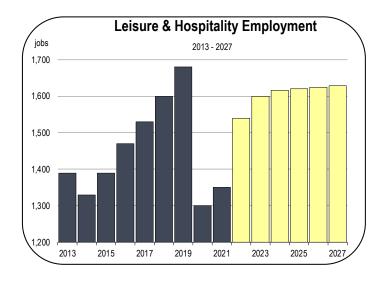
Retail Trade Employment

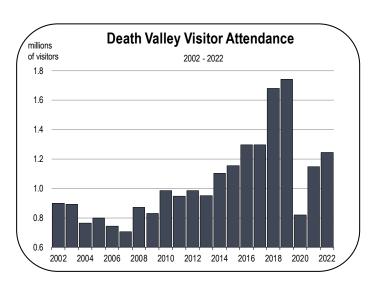
- The retail industry rebounded in 2021 but will not recover all jobs that were lost in 2020. This is a generally ubiquitous trend among regional economies in California.
- Automation and the transition to online shopping will put local brick-and-mortar employment at risk of stagnation or contraction over time, meaning no employment growth is expected during the forecast period.
- Most retail jobs are located in Bishop, which has a large grocery store, a prominent hardware store, and a number of gas stations and convenience stores that cater to travelers along U.S. Route 395. This route is the main thoroughfare between Southern California and the ski resorts of the Sierra Nevada Mountains.

Construction, Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities Employment

- Geothermal exploration and power generation could be the most prominent economic development in many years.
- The Bureau of Land Management has approved 3 lease applications for exploration and development within the Owens Valley.
- It is expected that approximately \$1 billion will be invested into these 3 projects, creating up to 250 construction jobs and several dozen jobs in the utilities sector.
- It is also expected that geothermal exploration and development in Inyo County will be subject to legal challenges, making the timeline for job creation highly unpredictable and almost certain to be delayed until after the 2022-2027 forecast period.







Leisure and Hospitality Employment

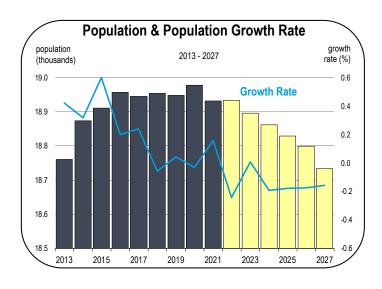
- Death Valley National Park is one of the primary tourism attractions in the Inyo County region, and visitor traffic to the park supports local leisure and hospitality jobs.
- Travel through Inyo County between Southern California and Mammoth Mountain, have rebounded, but a full recovery of leisure

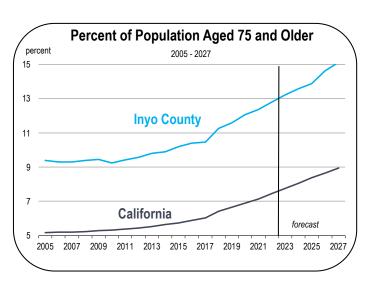
and hospitality jobs in Inyo is not anticipated for several years. Death Valley National Park, covering a total area of 3.4 million acres, attracts over a million visitors per year.

- At the current pace of visitation to the park, total visitors will eclipse 1.25 million in 2022.
- Death Valley contains the lowest elevation in North America, Badwater Basin, which is 282 feet below sea level. A one-week admission to Death Valley is \$30 per vehicle.



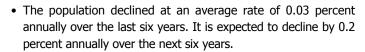
The dunes at Death Valley





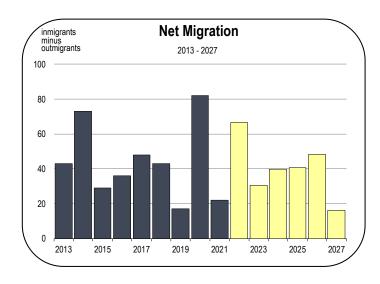
Population Growth

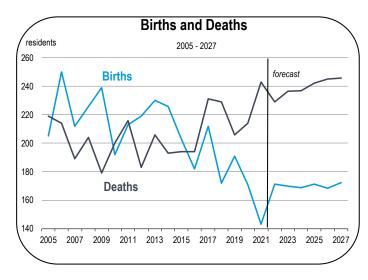
- Inyo County's population is much older than the statewide average.
 As of 2021, more than 12 percent of Inyo County's population was age 75 or older, compared to just 7 percent of California's population.
- Because Inyo County has a disproportionate share of residents aged 75 and older, the number of annual deaths exceeds the number of annual births.
- Net in-migration is forecast to be positive over the forecast.
 However, new residents to the county will not offset the natural population decline, and the county's population will continue to contract as it has since 2017.

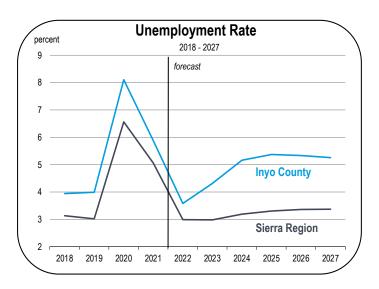


Unemployment and Inflation Rates

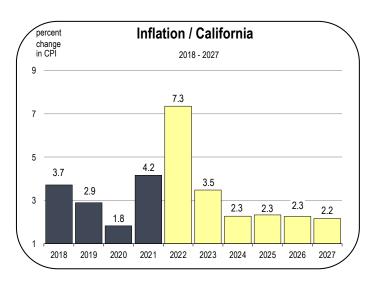
- The unemployment rate in Inyo County averaged 5.8 percent in 2021.
- An unemployment rate below 5.0 percent signifies a fully employed labor force in Inyo County. The unemployment rate is expected to average 3.6 percent in 2022 and 4.3 percent in 2023.
- Inflation decelerated sharply in 2020, largely because energy prices declined when the demand for fuels plunged.

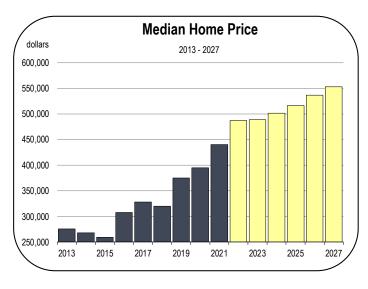






- Inflation began rising sharply by the summer of 2021 and soared in 2022. It is expected to remain elevated through 2023. During 2022 and into 2023, there will be a number of factors that will contribute to higher inflation. The most prominent will be:
 - Record spending by consumers and the federal government during 2021 and 2022
 - Fractures in the global supply chain that raise the cost of production for many businesses
 - Sharp increases in the cost of housing and energy
 - Labor market recruitment challenges that force companies to raise wages
- Combined, these factors have pushed inflation to its highest rate in 40 years. Ultimately, inflation reduces the purchasing power of households and negatively impacts consumer confidence, limiting the growth potential of the economy in 2022.

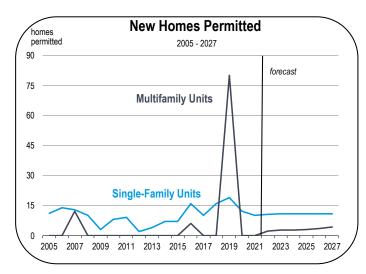




 However, inflation will begin to decelerate after 2022 as supply chains and the labor force are restored, eventually falling to below 3 percent again by 2024.

Home Prices and New Housing Production

- In 2021 the median home value in Inyo County was \$440,800.
 By mid-2022, the median home value had soared to \$515,000 according to Zillow.
- The median home price is expected to rise through 2022, and plateau in 2023.
- From 2016 to 2021, an average of 13 new homes were started per year. Half were single-family homes and half were multifamily units.
- Housing production is expected to average 10 to 15 homes per year from 2022 to 2027, consisting mostly of single-family homes.



Principal Attractions of Inyo County

- The County is known for its immediate eastern access to the Eastern Sierra, especially for fishing, hiking and backpacking.
- Inyo County is home to the lowest and highest points of elevation in the state. Death Valley and the Eastern Sierras are huge visitor attractions for Inyo County during all months of the year, which fosters a vibrant tourism industry in Lone Pine, Independence, Big Pine, and Bishop.
- The Eastern Sierras also attract visitors year-round for backpacking

- and skiing. Mount Whitney, located 13 miles west of Lone Pine, is the highest peak in the contiguous United States.
- 30,000 people try to summit Mount Whitney every year but only 10,000 succeed. Obtaining a permit to hike Mt Whitney is enabled by a lottery system. After winning the lottery and obtaining a permit, the price of admission is \$15 per person. It takes approximately 14 hours round trip to the summit.
- Other attractions in the Eastern Sierras include Palisade Glacier, Bishop Creek Canyon, Inyo Nation Forest, John Muir Wilderness, and the Backcountry.



Badwater Basin, Death Valley, the lowest point in the continental United States

E	Economic Indicators 2							2015-2021 History, 2022-2050 Forecast						
	Population (people)	House- holds (thousands)	Net Migration (people)	New Homes Permitted (homes)	Registered Vehicles (thousands)	Personal Income (billions)	Taxable Retail Sales (millions)	Total Taxable Sales (millions)	Real Industrial Production (millions)	Real per Capita Income (dollars)	Unemployme Rate (percent)	Real ent Farm I Production (millions)(
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	18,911 18,956 18,945 18,953 18,947 18,977 18,931 18,932 18,896 18,862 18,829	8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.2 8.2	29 36 48 43 17 82 22 67 30 40	7 22 10 16 99 12 10 13 13 14	28 28 28 28 29 29 30 30 30 30 30	\$1.0 \$1.1 \$1.1 \$1.1 \$1.2 \$1.3 \$1.3 \$1.4	\$233 \$243 \$255 \$262 \$279 \$263 \$318 \$347 \$356 \$362 \$369	\$357 \$350 \$358 \$356 \$375 \$362 \$487 \$471 \$485 \$494 \$503	\$387 \$473 \$503 \$397 \$419 \$419 \$421 \$429 \$431 \$433 \$433	\$61,836 \$63,927 \$63,610 \$60,264 \$61,105 \$60,317 \$62,099 \$61,802 \$62,316 \$63,211 \$63,978	5.8 5.3 4.4 3.9 4.0 8.1 5.9 3.6 4.3 5.2 5.4	\$22 \$19 \$21 \$23 \$24 \$22 \$21 \$23 \$24 \$24 \$24	1.4 2.3 3.0 3.7 2.9 1.8 4.2 7.3 3.5 2.3	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033	18,800 18,734 18,677 18,649 18,628 18,610 18,597 18,580	8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.3 8.3	48 16 27 55 60 65 76 72	14 15 16 16 15 15 16	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	\$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.6 \$1.6 \$1.7 \$1.7 \$1.8 \$1.8	\$375 \$381 \$387 \$397 \$408 \$417 \$427 \$437	\$513 \$522 \$532 \$545 \$559 \$571 \$585 \$597	\$434 \$435 \$434 \$434 \$434 \$435 \$435 \$435	\$64,774 \$65,574 \$66,427 \$67,007 \$67,688 \$68,326 \$68,851 \$69,515	5.3 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2	\$23 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24	2.3 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.2 2.1 2.3 1.9	
2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042	18,571 18,535 18,513 18,481 18,452 18,408 18,376 18,333 18,271	8.3 8.3 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4	78 51 61 51 56 44 55 42 31	17 19 20 19 19 17 16 16	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	\$1.9 \$1.9 \$2.0 \$2.1 \$2.1 \$2.2 \$2.3 \$2.3 \$2.4	\$447 \$458 \$471 \$483 \$496 \$509 \$521 \$533 \$543	\$610 \$625 \$642 \$659 \$676 \$694 \$711 \$727 \$742	\$435 \$436 \$436 \$435 \$435 \$434 \$433 \$433 \$433	\$70,098 \$70,606 \$70,999 \$71,360 \$71,791 \$72,173 \$72,559 \$73,064 \$73,650	5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2	\$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25	2.1 2.2 2.6 2.7 2.5 2.7 2.6 2.2 2.1	
2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050	18,229 18,189 18,132 18,075 18,010 17,958 17,888 17,816	8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5	47 47 33 32 23 38 22 12	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	\$2.5 \$2.5 \$2.6 \$2.7 \$2.7 \$2.8 \$2.9 \$3.0	\$555 \$5564 \$576 \$587 \$599 \$612 \$624 \$637	\$757 \$770 \$786 \$801 \$818 \$836 \$853 \$870	\$431 \$431 \$430 \$430 \$429 \$429 \$429 \$428	\$74,240 \$74,854 \$75,474 \$76,068 \$76,599 \$77,081 \$77,680 \$78,258	5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2 5.2	\$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25	2.1 2.0 1.8 1.9 2.0 2.2 2.3 2.0 2.1	

En	nploym	ent S	Sectors			2015	-2021	History, 2022-2050 Forecast				
	Total Wage & Salary 	Farm	Construction	Manufac- turing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade (jobs)	Financial Activities	Professional Services	Information	Health & Education	Leisure	Government
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2030 2031 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2032 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 204	7,620 7,540 7,440 7,640 7,790 7,140 7,220 7,510 7,560 7,600 7,610 7,610 7,610 7,610 7,630 7,640 7,640 7,650 7,650 7,650 7,650 7,660 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,670 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660 7,660	60 60 50 50 40 30 30 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	300 220 210 240 230 230 210 198 186 190 195 199 191 189 187 191 195 199 202 202 201 202 201 202 201 202 202 201 202 202	270 280 290 310 320 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 310 31	180 180 180 190 190 200 200 202 205 207 210 211 213 214 215 216 217 218 218 219 219 220 220 220 221 221 221 221 221	1,050 1,050 1,050 1,060 1,040 930 930 961 953 950 946 943 937 938 938 938 938 938 938 938 938 939 939	150 160 160 160 150 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 14	250 240 220 230 210 210 290 341 341 352 347 349 348 340 341 341 341 341 341 341 341 341 341 341	60 50 50 40 30 34 33 32 31 30 30 29 28 28 28 27 26 26 25 25 24 23 23 23 22 22 21 20 20 19 19 19	600 560 430 440 470 490 470 491 493 495 497 499 501 505 506 508 508 508 507 507 507 507 507 507 507 507	1,390 1,470 1,530 1,600 1,680 1,350 1,540 1,599 1,616 1,625 1,628 1,635 1,641 1,647 1,653 1,660 1,666 1,672 1,678 1,684 1,690 1,696 1,701 1,717 1,719 1,724 1,730 1,735 1,741 1,746	3,080 3,040 3,050 3,100 3,190 3,080 3,100 3,111 3,116 3,119 3,120 3,119 3,116 3,115 3,114 3,113 3,114 3,113 3,110 3,108 3,105 3,103 3,100 3,098 3,096 3,095 3,093 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,090 3,098 3,096 3,096 3,095 3,096 3,095 3,096 3,095 3,096 3,095 3,096
2048 2049 2050	7,660 7,660 7,650	28 28 28	220 221 223	309 309 309	222 222 222	923 920 918	140 140 140	293 288 283	18 17 16	508 508 508	1,751 1,757 1,762	3,084 3,082 3,079

Socioeconomic Indicators

