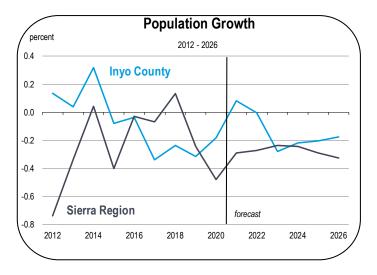
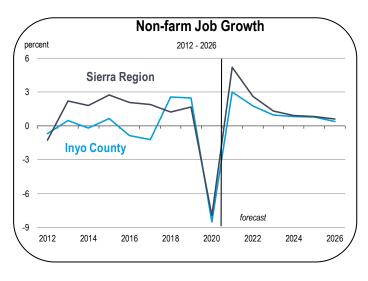
Forecast Summary

- On an annual average basis, 200 non-farm jobs will be restored in Inyo County during 2021.
- A full labor market recovery is not expected during the 2021-2026 forecast period.
- Employment gains in 2021 will be largest in leisure services and in retail trade.
- The unemployment rate averaged 7.9 percent in 2020.
- The unemployment rate is forecast to average 5.2 percent in 2021 and 4.1 percent in 2022.
- The Inyo County population is expected to decline during most of the forecast period.
- The median home price increased by 12 percent in 2020.
- Home prices are expected to increase by 8 percent in 2021 and 5 percent in 2022.
- Inyo County is in the Sierra Nevada Mountain Range and sits above substantial geothermal activity. Geothermal power generation is being explored as a possible new industry within the county.

Job Growth

- Total employment in Inyo County will expand by 3.2 percent in 2021 on an annual average basis.
- Between 2022 and 2026, job growth will average 1.0 percent per year.

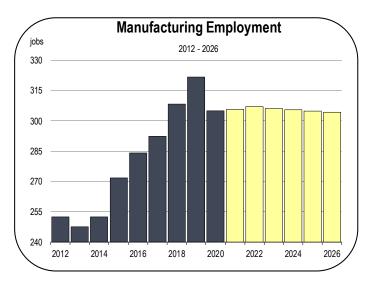


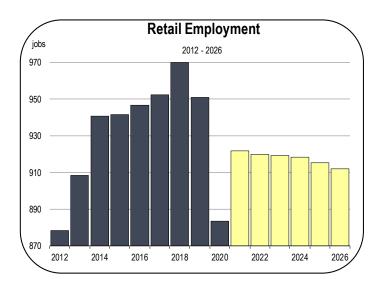


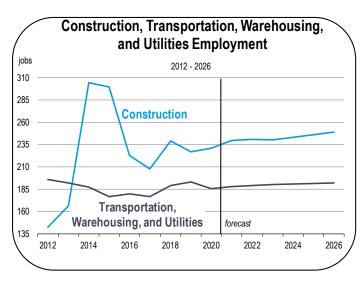
 Over the entire 2021-2026 forecast period, the fastest growing industry will be leisure services. Employment in this sector will increase at an annual average rate of 4.7 percent as it recovers from the Coronavirus Recession and eventually reaches an expansion phase.

Manufacturing Employment

- Inyo County manufacturing employment expanded rapidly between 2014 and 2019, increasing by more than 60 jobs.
- Manufacturing employment is not expected to expand during the forecast period.
- The Inyo County manufacturing sector is anchored by the Crystal Geyser water bottling plant in Olancha. Olancha was the original site for Crystal Geyser's water bottling operations. The current facility accounts for more than 75 percent of all jobs in the local manufacturing industry.







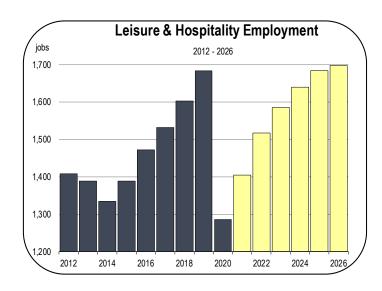
Retail Trade Employment

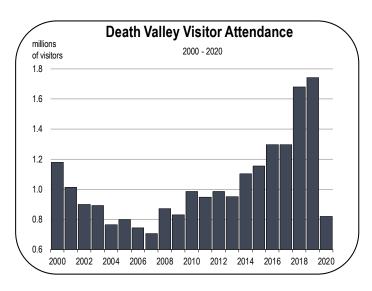
- The retail industry will begin to rebound in 2021 but will not recover all jobs that were lost in 2020.
- The local retail industry was already under pressure before the onset of the Coronavirus Recession.
- Competition from online stores and the transition to online shopping will lead to further consolidation of local retail jobs over the long-term.
- Most retail jobs are located in Bishop, which has a large grocery store, a prominent hardware store, and a number of gas stations and convenience stores that cater to travelers along U.S. Route 395. This route is the main thoroughfare between Southern California and the ski resorts of the Sierra Nevada Mountains.

Construction, Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities Employment

- Geothermal exploration and power generation could be the most prominent economic development in many years.
- The Bureau of Land Management has approved 3 lease applications for exploration and development within the Owens Valley.
- It is expected that approximately \$1 billion will be invested into these 3 projects, creating up to 250 construction jobs and several dozen jobs in the utilities sector.
- It is also expected that geothermal exploration and development in Inyo County will be subject to legal challenges, making the timeline for job creation highly unpredictable and almost certain to be delayed until after the 2021-2026 forecast period.







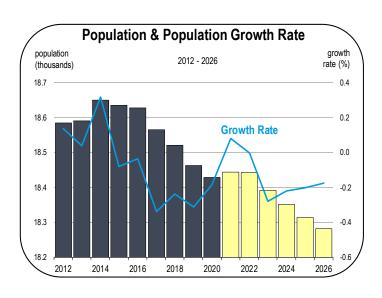
Leisure and Hospitality Employment

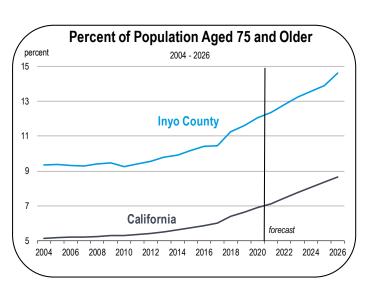
- Death Valley National Park is one of the primary tourism attractions in the Inyo County region, and visitor traffic to the park supports local leisure and hospitality jobs.
- Visitors to Death Valley increased sharply in 2018 and 2019, leading to a surge in leisure and hospitality employment, but

activity plummeted in 2020 as travel restrictions were implemented across California.

 Travel to Death Valley, as well as travel through Inyo County between Southern California and Mammoth Mountain, are expected to increase sharply in 2021 and 2022, but a full recovery of leisure and hospitality jobs is not anticipated for several years.

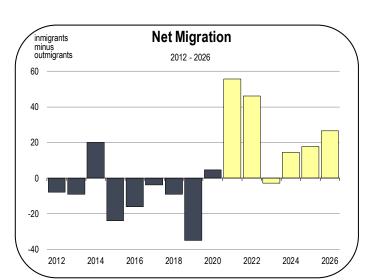




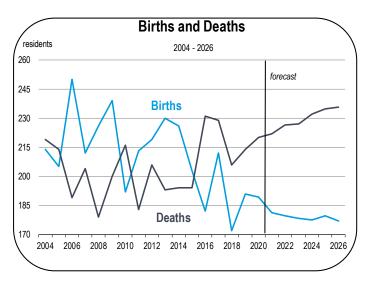


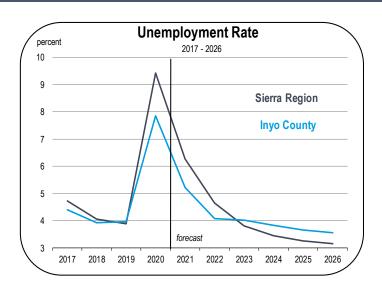
Population Growth

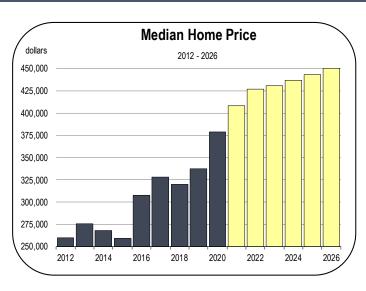
- The Inyo County population declined steadily for 6 consecutive years between 2014 and 2020.
- Inyo County's population is much older than the statewide average.
 As of 2020, more than 12 percent of Inyo County's population was age 75 or older, compared to just 7 percent of California's population.



- Because Inyo County has a high share of residents aged 75 and older, the number of deaths has begun to exceed the number of births.
- Over the forecast period, more people will move into the county than people who move out, but because deaths will exceed births, the overall population will shrink.
- The population declined at an average rate of 0.2 percent annually over the last six years. It is expected to decline by 0.1 percent annually over the next six years.





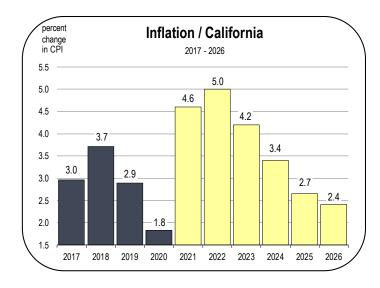


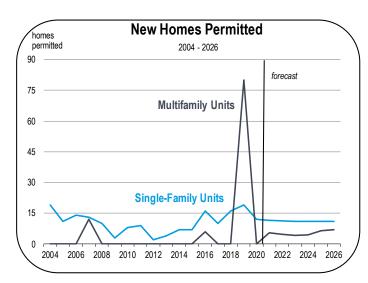
Unemployment and Inflation Rates

- The unemployment rate in Inyo County averaged 7.9 percent in 2020.
- An unemployment rate below 5.0 percent signifies a fully employed labor force in Inyo County. The unemployment rate is expected to average 5.2 percent in 2021 and 4.1 percent in 2022.
- Inflation decelerated sharply in 2020, largely because energy prices declined when the demand for fuels plunged. It soared in 2021 and is expected to remain elevated for several years.
- Ultimately, inflation will reduce the purchasing power of households and negatively impact consumer confidence, limiting the growth potential of the economy in 2022.
- However, inflation will begin to decelerate as supply chains and the labor force are restored by the second half of the forecast period, eventually falling below 3 percent.

Home Prices and New Housing Production

- In 2020 the median home price in Inyo County was \$378,800.
- The median price is expected to increase very quickly in 2021 as the number of homes on the market plummets and the number of house hunters grows. In 2021, prices are forecast to expand rapidly in almost all California markets.
- Price appreciation should slow down in 2022, but the median price in Inyo County could reach \$450,000 by 2026.
- From 2015 to 2020, an average of 28 new homes were started per year. Half were single-family homes and half were multifamily units.
- Housing production is expected to average 10 to 20 homes per year from 2021 to 2026, consisting mostly of single-family homes.





Economic Indicators 2							2015-2020 History, 2021-2050 Forecast						
	Population (people)	House- holds (thousands)	Net Migration (people)	New Homes Permitted (homes)	Registered Vehicles (thousands)	Personal Income (billions)	Taxable Retail Sales (millions)	Total Taxable Sales (millions)	Real Industrial Production (millions)	Real per Capita Income (dollars)	Unemployme Rate (percent)	Real nt Farm li Production (millions)(p	
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 2040 204	18,635 18,628 18,565 18,565 18,521 18,463 18,442 18,443 18,392 18,351 18,314 18,093 18,073 18,073 18,073 18,073 18,073 17,947 17,917 17,867 17,786 17,786 17,775 17,671 17,671 17,671 17,667 17,563 17,7498	8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.1 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.4 8.5 8.5 8.5	-24 -16 -4 -9 -35 5 5 5 6 46 -3 14 18 27 -22 -7 34 42 50 65 59 68 29 44 30 37 20 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	7 22 10 16 99 12 17 16 15 15 18 18 19 18 18 18 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 16 17	28 28 28 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	\$1.0 \$1.0 \$1.1 \$1.1 \$1.1 \$1.2 \$1.2 \$1.3 \$1.3 \$1.3 \$1.4 \$1.5 \$1.6 \$1.6 \$1.6 \$1.7 \$1.7 \$1.7 \$1.8 \$1.9 \$2.0 \$2.1 \$2.2 \$2.3 \$2.3 \$2.4 \$2.4 \$2.5 \$2.6	\$233 \$243 \$255 \$262 \$279 \$259 \$281 \$287 \$295 \$304 \$310 \$316 \$321 \$327 \$335 \$344 \$352 \$361 \$369 \$378 \$387 \$398 \$409 \$420 \$430 \$441 \$450 \$459 \$469 \$477 \$486 \$496	\$357 \$350 \$358 \$356 \$377 \$354 \$381 \$390 \$401 \$412 \$421 \$430 \$438 \$446 \$457 \$488 \$479 \$490 \$501 \$512 \$524 \$539 \$553 \$567 \$582 \$567 \$582 \$567 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69 \$69	\$372 \$451 \$480 \$378 \$382 \$402 \$399 \$393 \$395 \$398 \$401 \$405 \$407 \$409 \$412 \$415 \$418 \$421 \$424 \$427 \$429 \$430 \$431 \$433 \$434 \$433 \$434 \$436 \$437 \$439 \$431 \$431 \$432 \$431 \$432 \$432 \$433 \$434 \$434 \$434 \$434 \$435 \$437 \$439 \$441 \$443 \$443 \$443 \$444 \$445 \$445 \$447	\$60,185 \$62,443 \$62,322 \$59,166 \$60,242 \$61,318 \$62,319 \$62,019 \$62,019 \$63,072 \$64,115 \$65,106 \$65,972 \$66,922 \$67,851 \$68,476 \$69,098 \$69,714 \$70,219 \$70,807 \$71,297 \$71,857 \$72,284 \$72,674 \$73,704 \$73,722 \$74,174 \$74,739 \$75,318 \$75,870 \$76,458 \$77,039	5.8 5.3 4.4 3.9 4.0 7.9 5.2 4.1 4.0 3.8 3.7 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	\$21 \$18 \$23 \$23 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$24 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25	1.4 2.3 3.0 3.7 2.9 1.8 4.6 5.0 4.2 3.4 2.7 2.4 2.2 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.3 2.2 2.2 2.1 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2 2.2
2047 2048 2049 2050	17,490 17,422 17,366 17,285 17,198	8.5 8.6 8.6 8.6	-8 15 -8 -21	15 15 15 15	28 28 28 28 28	\$2.6 \$2.7 \$2.8 \$2.8	\$505 \$517 \$527 \$537	\$685 \$701 \$714 \$729	\$447 \$448 \$449 \$450	\$77,579 \$78,059 \$78,668 \$79,266	3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5 3.5	\$28 \$28 \$28 \$28 \$28	2.2 2.2 2.3 2.0 2.1

Employment 9	Sectors	2015-2020 History, 2021-2050 Forecast							
Total Wage & Salary Farm 	Manufac- Construction turing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade (jobs)	Financial Activities	Professional Services	Information	Health & Education	Leisure	Government
2015 7,600 56 2016 7,540 57 2017 7,440 54 2018 7,630 48 2019 7,810 43 2020 7,130 30 2021 7,360 45 2022 7,490 45 2023 7,560 46 2024 7,630 47 2025 7,690 47 2026 7,720 47 2027 7,740 47 2028 7,770 47 2029 7,790 47 2029 7,790 47 2030 7,810 47 2031 7,840 47 2031 7,840 47 2031 7,840 47 2031 7,840 47 2033 7,890 47 2034 7,900 47 2035 7,920 46 2036 7,940 46 2037 7,950 46 2038 7,960 46 2039 7,960 46 2039 7,960 46 2039 7,960 46 2039 7,950 46 2039 7,950 46 2039 7,950 46 2039 7,950 46 2040 7,950 46 2041 7,950 46 2042 7,940 46 2043 7,950 46 2044 7,940 46 2043 7,950 46 2044 7,940 46 2044 7,940 46 2045 7,930 46 2046 7,930 46 2047 7,920 45 2048 7,930 46 2047 7,920 45 2048 7,920 45	299 272 223 284 208 293 239 308 227 322 231 305 240 306 241 307 240 306 243 306 244 305 249 304 239 302 236 300 235 299 240 299 241 299 244 299 244 299 244 299 244 294 245 293 246 292 247 290 248 289 247 288 248 286 248 284 249 282 250 281	177 180 177 189 193 186 188 189 190 191 192 192 193 193 193 193 194 194 195 195 195 196 196 196 196 197 197 197 197 198 198 198 198 199		152 155 161 158 162 153 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	248 242 221 227 211 213 201 207 204 199 202 210 230 249 258 266 284 294 302 308 321 330 338 335 325 314 304 297 295 283 274 268 268 268 268 269	56 50 48 40 48 38 36 35 34 34 33 32 32 32 31 31 30 30 29 28 28 27 27 27 26 26 25 25 24 24 23 23 22 21 21	596 561 428 438 467 487 497 499 502 504 506 508 511 512 515 515 515 514 514 514 514 514 514 514	1,389 1,472 1,532 1,603 1,684 1,286 1,405 1,517 1,586 1,640 1,684 1,698 1,715 1,727 1,733 1,740 1,747 1,757 1,767 1,777 1,787 1,796 1,806 1,816 1,825 1,835 1,844 1,854 1,863 1,872 1,882 1,891 1,900 1,909	3,081 3,033 3,048 3,093 3,193 3,077 3,079 3,088 3,108 3,118 3,125 3,129 3,133 3,135 3,137 3,139 3,141 3,142 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,139 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,137 3,139 3,141 3,142 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,139 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,137 3,137 3,141 3,142 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,139 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,141 3,142 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,139 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,141 3,142 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,139 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,135 3,143 3,143 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,144 3,142 3,135
2049 7,920 45 2050 7,920 45	250 279 252 277	199 199	989 987	158 158	255 249	20 20	515 515	1,918 1,927	3,107 3,104

Socioeconomic Indicators

