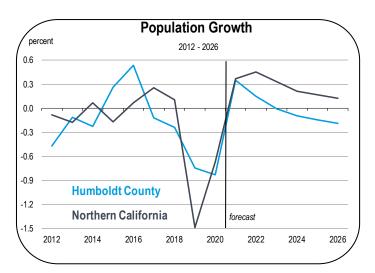
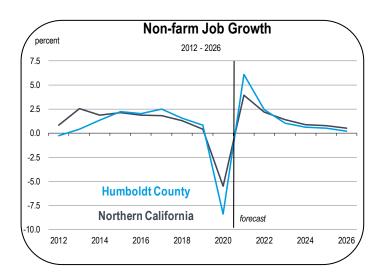
Forecast Summary

- On an annual average basis, 3,000 jobs will be restored in Humboldt County during 2021, representing approximately 70 percent of the jobs that were lost in 2020.
- The remaining 1,300 jobs that were lost in 2020 will be recovered in 2022 and the labor market will enter an expansion period in 2023.
- Over the 2021-2026 forecast period, total employment in Humboldt County is expected to increase by 5,600 jobs.
- Government, leisure services, healthcare, and retail will be responsible for the majority of all job creation during the forecast period.
- Agriculture empoyment has expanded sharply in recent years as the Humboldt County cannabis industry has entered the legal market. Further growth is expected, but recent developments in cannabis prices could put job creation at risk.
- The unemployment rate averaged 8.4 percent in 2020.
- The unemployment rate is forecast to average 5.6 percent in 2021 and 4.0 percent in 2022.
- The Humboldt County population is expected to increase during the first half of the forecast period but decline over the long term (through the year 2030).
- The median home price increased by 5 percent in 2020.
- Home prices are expected to increase by 15 percent in 2021 and 4 percent in 2022, but should remain affordable to most of the local population.



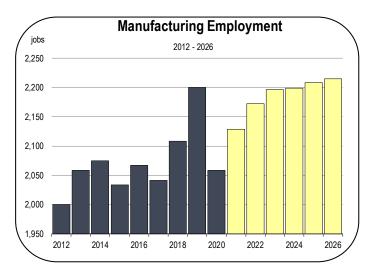


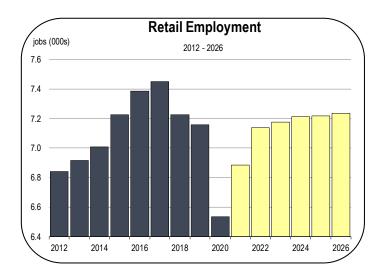
Job Growth

- Total employment in Humboldt County will expand by 6.0 percent in 2021 on an annual average basis.
- Between 2022 and 2026, job growth will average 1.0 percent.

Manufacturing Employment

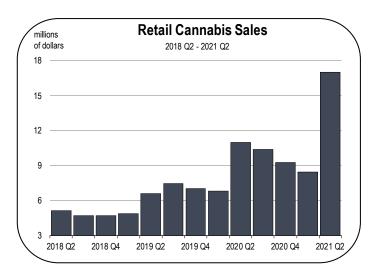
- Manufacturing employment declined sharply in 2020 due to the Coronavirus Recession and workplace restrictions.
- During the 2021-2026 forecast period, legal cannabis will be a major contributor to the Humboldt County manufacturing sector.
- New jobs are expected to be created to turn cannabis into foods, drinks, and other products, and these jobs will be classified into the manufacturing sector.

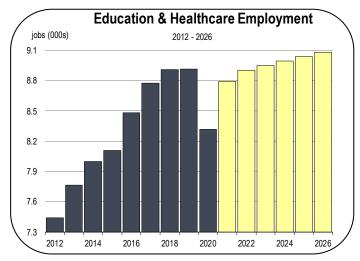




Retail Trade Employment

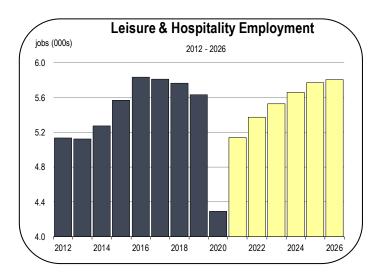
- The retail industry will begin to rebound in 2021 and could reach a full recovery sometime in 2022.
- The Humboldt County retail industry was already under pressure before the onset of the Coronavirus Recession.
- Competition from online stores has led to lower levels of employment at local brick-and-mortar shops, and the transition to online shopping will lead to a slowdown in job growth between 2022 and 2026.
- The legal cannabis industry has expanded rapidly since its inception in 2018, and growth among legal cannabis retailers has helped to offset declines in other retail subsectors.
- In the second quarter of 2021, Humboldt County cannabis stores recorded \$17 million in sales and employed hundreds of workers.





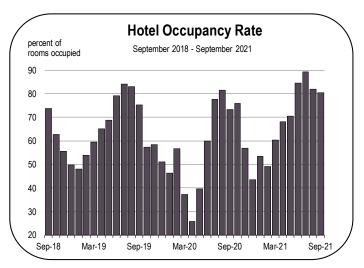
Private Education and Healthcare Employment

- A large share of the local economy is represented by hospitals and health facilities.
- Healthcare is the second largest employment industry in the county, behind only government.
- The largest healthcare employer is Providence St. Joseph Hospital, which has 137 patient beds.
- The hospital, which employs more than 1,000 workers, has struggled to meet staffing needs during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- In particular, St. Joseph Hospital has reported challenges recruiting and retaining enough nurses to meet mandated nurse-to-patient ratios.
- Aside from layoffs and furloughs in early 2020, challenges in recruitment contributed to job losses in 2020 and will delay the recovery in 2021 and 2022.
- Other medical facilities that employ more than 100 workers in Humboldt County include:
 - Mad River Community Hospital in Arcata
 - Hospice of Humboldt in Eureka
 - Redwood Memorial Hospital in Fortuna
- Over the forecast period, healthcare employment will increase by 700 to 800 jobs, averaging growth of 1.5 percent per year.
- In Humboldt County, there are very few jobs in private educational institutions. Most teachers and education administrators work in the government sector.



Leisure and Hospitality Employment

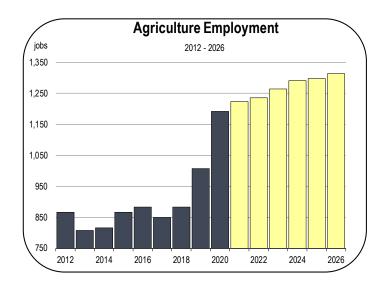
- Humboldt County is home to an expansive forest of redwoods. It has a National Park (Redwood National Park) and more than 10 California State Parks.
- Travelers visit Humboldt County every year to experience the redwoods, with overall tourism activity generating more than \$400 million annually at restaurants, hotels, bars, shops, and related businesses.



- The most popular sites are Avenue of the Giants, which winds through a dense forest, and Redwood Highway, which offers forest and ocean vistas.
- Humboldt County also has an expanding subsector for cannabis tourism, where visitors tour cannabis farms and greenhouses.
- The number of visitors to the county declined sharply in early 2020, but by the summer of 2021, the tourism industry was setting new records.
- The leisure and hospitality industry is expected to regain all jobs lost in 2020 before the end of the 2021-2026 forecast period.



Redwood National Park



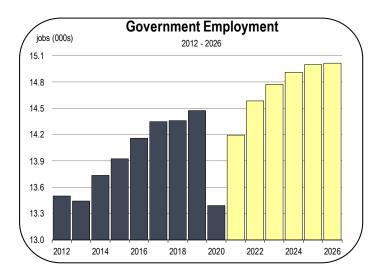
Agriculture Employment

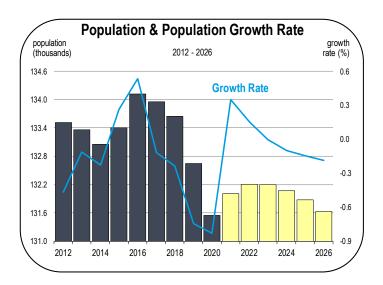
- The agriculture sector expanded sharply in 2020 as employment in most other industries contracted.
- The agriculture industry will generate approximately 200 new jobs by 2026, but job growth in this sector is highly uncertain.
- The most prominent agricultural commodity is cannabis, and the local cannabis industry is dominated by small farms and greenhouses.
- In Humboldt County during 2021, approximately 1,700 active cultivation permits were held by 900 growers, indicating that the average grower managed less than an acre of land or greenhouse space.
- Outside of Humboldt, Mendocino, and Trinity counties, the California cannabis industry is dominated by large grow operations In the county with the second largest number of active cultivation permits - Santa Barbara - approximately 1,600 permits were held by just 67 growers.
- The supply of legal cannabis in California has begun to exceed demand, and prices have declined dramatically since the industry was legalized.

- Anecdotal evidence suggests that small growers have struggled to adapt to lower prices, and the Humboldt County Board of Supervisors has created a emergency relief program to issue \$10,000 cash grants to local companies.
- The future cannabis production in Humboldt County may depend on the ability of small operations to adapt to market fluctuations, or the likelihood that small operations are able to merge into larger entities with better profit margins.

Government Employment

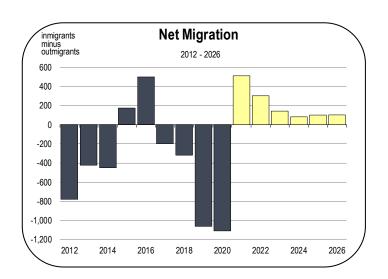
- Government agencies lost more than 1,000 jobs during 2020.
- As schools return to in-person instruction in the fall of 2021, some jobs at local schools will be restored.
- Other jobs will be recovered as federal funding is distributed to local government agencies throughout California, largely from the American Rescue Plan that was passed by Congress to aid the economic recovery.
- In 2022, government employment is expected to surpass prepandemic levels.
- By 2026, employment totals will have expanded by several hundred additional jobs.

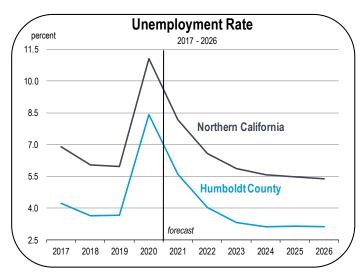




Population Growth

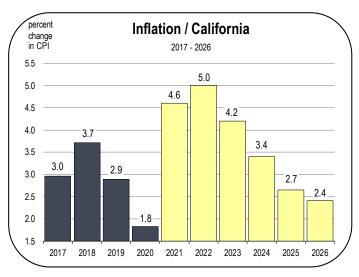
- The Humboldt County population is expected to increase in 2021 and 2022, but it will ultimately begin to decline during the second half of the forecast period.
- Population decline is expected to persist over the long term, through at least 2030.
- Net migration is expected to be positive, with more residents moving into the county than moving out, but because the county has a large number of residents over the age of 75, deaths have begun to outnumber births, causing the overall population to shrink.
- By the end of the 2021-2026 forecast period, the county will have approximately 131,600 residents.
- By 2030, the population will have fallen closer to 130,000.





Unemployment and Inflation Rates

- The unemployment rate averaged 8.4 percent in 2020. An unemployment rate below 5.0 percent signifies a fully employed workforce in Humboldt County.
- The unemployment rate is expected to average 5.6 percent in 2021 and 4.0 percent in 2022.
- Inflation decelerated sharply in 2020, largely because energy prices declined when the demand for fuels plunged. It soared in 2021 and is expected to remain elevated for several years.
- Over the forecast period, there will be a number of factors that will contribute to high inflation. The most prominent will be:
 - Record levels of spending by consumers and government agencies

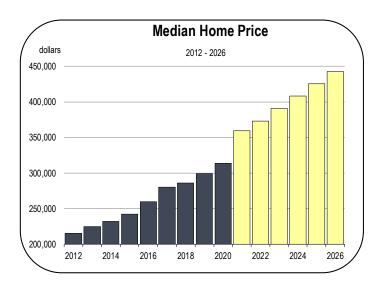


 Fractures in the global supply chain that raise the cost of production for many businesses



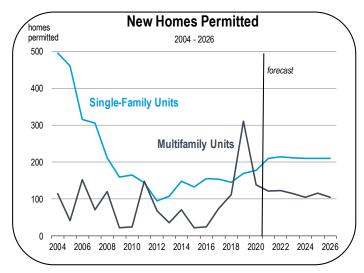
Humboldt County Coastline

- Sharp increases in the cost of housing and energy
- Labor market recruitment challenges that force companies to raise wages
- Combined, these factors will push inflation to its highest rates in 30 years. Ultimately, it will reduce the purchasing power of households and negatively impact consumer confidence, limiting the growth potential of the economy in 2022.
- However, inflation will begin to decelerate as supply chains and the labor force are restored by the second half of the forecast period, eventually falling below 3 percent.



Home Prices and New Housing Production

- In 2020, the median home price was \$313,800. The median price is expected to increase very quickly in 2021 as the number of homes on the market plummets and the number of house hunters grows.
- Price appreciation should slow down in 2022, but the median price could approach \$450,000 by 2026.
- From 2015 to 2020, an average of 270 new homes were started per year in Humboldt County. Approximately 60 percent were single-family homes and the rest were multifamily units.
- Housing production is expected to average 300 to 350 units per year from 2021 to 2026, consisting primarily of single-family homes.



Economic Indicators

2015-2020 History, 2021-2050 Forecast

	Population (people)	House- holds (thousands)	Net Migration (people)	New Homes Permitted (homes)	Registered Vehicles (thousands)	Personal Income (billions)	Taxable Retail Sales (billions)	Total Taxable Sales (billions)	Real Industrial Production (millions)	Real per Capita Income (dollars)	Unemploymer Rate (percent)	Real nt Farm li Production (millions)(p	
2015	133,405	56.4	176	155	153	\$5.9	\$1.5	\$2.0	\$458	\$50,497	5.6	\$267	1.4
2016	134,117	56.4	498	179	156	\$6.1	\$1.6	\$2.2	\$446	\$51,198	5.0	\$286	2.3
2017	133,958	56.5	-197	228	154	\$6.4	\$1.6	\$2.2	\$437	\$51,522	4.2	\$289	3.0
2018 2019	133,642 132,648	56.6 56.8	-320 -1,063	258 481	152 154	\$6.6 \$6.8	\$1.5 \$1.6	\$2.0 \$2.1	\$438 \$453	\$51,454 \$52,541	3.7 3.7	\$287 \$293	3.7 2.9
2019	132,646	56.9	-1,003	317	154	şо.о \$7.1	\$1.0 \$1.7	\$2.1 \$2.2	\$453 \$489	\$52,541 \$54,279	3.7 8.4	\$293 \$299	2.9 1.8
2020	131,549	57.4	512	331	154	\$7.1 \$7.5	\$1.7 \$1.8	\$2.2	\$477	\$54,963	5.6	\$299	4.6
2021	132,206	57.7	303	358	154	\$7.6	\$1.9	\$2.4	\$468	\$54,639	4.0	\$330	5.0
2023	132,199	58.0	142	357	154	\$8.0	\$1.9	\$2.5	\$474	\$55,672	3.3	\$352	4.2
2024	132,070	58.3	83	335	154	\$8.3	\$2.0	\$2.6	\$480	\$56,647	3.1	\$373	3.4
2025	131,878	58.6	101	305	154	\$8.6	\$2.1	\$2.7	\$486	\$57,544	3.1	\$379	2.7
2026	131,630	58.9	103	285	154	\$8.9	\$2.1	\$2.8	\$492	\$58,359	3.1	\$393	2.4
2027	131,330	59.2	121	293	154	\$9.2	\$2.2	\$2.9	\$499	\$59,204	3.1	\$403	2.2
2028	130,957	59.5	115	276	154	\$9.5	\$2.3	\$2.9	\$504	\$59,955	3.1	\$410	2.3
2029	130,575	59.7	156	272	154	\$9.8	\$2.3	\$3.0	\$507	\$60,577	3.1	\$416	2.2
2030	130,163	60.0	164	268	154	\$10.1	\$2.4	\$3.1	\$511	\$61,238	3.1	\$428	2.2
2031	129,714	60.2	172	260	154	\$10.4	\$2.5	\$3.2	\$514	\$61,944	3.1	\$435	2.3
2032	129,226	60.4	185	252	154	\$10.7	\$2.5	\$3.3	\$516	\$62,561	3.0	\$438	2.2
2033	128,695	60.7	191	242	154	\$11.0	\$2.6	\$3.4	\$521	\$63,361	2.9	\$446	2.0
2034	128,110	60.9	184	234	154	\$11.3	\$2.7	\$3.5	\$524	\$64,091	2.8	\$451	2.1
2035	127,491	61.1	198	225	154	\$11.6	\$2.7	\$3.6	\$527	\$64,812	2.7	\$455	2.1
2036	126,865	61.3	196	221	154	\$12.0	\$2.8	\$3.7	\$528	\$65,346	2.5	\$459	2.2
2037	126,234	61.5	195	217	154	\$12.3	\$2.9	\$3.8	\$529	\$65,833	2.4	\$462	2.2
2038	125,630	61.7	205	223	153	\$12.7	\$3.0	\$3.9	\$530	\$66,419	2.3	\$466	2.2
2039 2040	125,053 124,491	61.9 62.1	206 211	223 222	153 153	\$13.1 \$13.4	\$3.1 \$3.2	\$4.0	\$531 \$532	\$66,902 \$67,413	2.3 2.3	\$470 \$474	2.2 2.1
2040	124,491	62.1	211	222	153	\$13.4 \$13.8	⇒૩.∠ \$3.2	\$4.1 \$4.2	\$533	\$68,073	2.3	\$474 \$478	2.1
2041	123,977	62.5	220	222	153	\$13.0 \$14.2	φ3.2 \$3.3	\$4.2 \$4.3	\$533 \$534	\$68,742	2.3	\$476 \$482	2.2
2042	123,002	62.8	215	221	152	\$14.2	\$3.4	\$4.3 \$4.4	\$536	\$69,437	2.3	\$486	2.1
2043	123,037	63.0	235	221	152	\$15.0	\$3.5	\$4.5	\$538	\$70,214	2.3	\$490	2.0
2044	122,040	63.2	233	221	152	\$15.3	\$3.5	\$4.6	\$540	\$70,912	2.2	\$494	2.2
2046	121,910	63.4	237	221	152	\$15.7	\$3.6	\$4.8	\$542	\$71,535	2.2	\$498	2.2
2047	121,565	63.6	229	221	151	\$16.1	\$3.7	\$4.9	\$543	\$72,008	2.1	\$502	2.2
2048	121,232	63.8	227	221	151	\$16.6	\$3.8	\$5.0	\$544	\$72,416	2.2	\$506	2.3
2049	120,919	64.0	241	221	151	\$17.0	\$3.9	\$5.1	\$545	\$72,980	2.1	\$509	2.0
2050	120,573	64.2	238	221	151	\$17.4	\$4.0	\$5.3	\$547	\$73,493	2.1	\$513	2.1

Employment Sectors

2015-2020 History, 2021-2050 Forecast

	Total Wage & Salary	Farm	Construction	Manufac- turing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade (thous	Financial Activities sands of jobs	Professional Services)	Information	Health & Education	Leisure	Government
2015	50.4	0.9	1.8	2.0	1.2	8.1	1.6	2.7	0.5	8.1	5.6	13.9
2015	51.4	0.9	1.8	2.0	1.2	8.4	1.7	2.8	0.3	8.5	5.8	14.2
2010	52.6	0.9	2.0	2.0	1.2	8.4	1.7	2.9	0.4	8.8	5.8	14.4
2018	53.5	0.9	2.0	2.0	1.1	8.3	1.8	3.3	0.4	8.9	5.8	14.4
2019	54.0	1.0	2.2	2.2	1.0	8.3	1.8	3.6	0.4	8.9	5.6	14.5
2020	49.8	1.0	2.2	2.1	1.0	7.6	1.7	3.4	0.3	8.3	4.3	13.4
2021	52.8	1.2	2.2	2.1	1.0	8.0	1.7	3.5	0.3	8.8	5.1	14.2
2022	54.0	1.2	2.3	2.2	1.0	8.2	1.7	3.6	0.3	8.9	5.4	14.6
2023	54.6	1.3	2.3	2.2	1.0	8.3	1.7	3.6	0.3	8.9	5.5	14.8
2024	55.0	1.3	2.3	2.2	1.0	8.3	1.7	3.7	0.3	9.0	5.7	14.9
2025	55.3	1.3	2.2	2.2	1.1	8.3	1.7	3.7	0.3	9.0	5.8	15.0
2026	55.4	1.3	2.2	2.2	1.1	8.3	1.7	3.7	0.3	9.1	5.8	15.0
2027	55.6	1.3	2.2	2.2	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.7	0.3	9.1	5.9	15.1
2028	55.6	1.3	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.7	0.3	9.2	5.9	15.0
2029	55.8	1.3	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.8	0.3	9.2	5.9	15.1
2030	56.0	1.4	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.8	0.3	9.2	5.9	15.2
2031	56.2	1.4	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.8	0.3	9.3	5.9	15.3
2032	56.4	1.4	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.8	0.3	9.3	6.0	15.4
2033	56.6	1.4	2.1	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.9	0.3	9.3	6.0	15.5
2034	56.7	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.4	1.7	3.9	0.3	9.4	6.0	15.5
2035	56.9	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	3.9	0.3	9.4	6.0	15.6
2036	57.0	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	3.9	0.3	9.4	6.1	15.6
2037	57.1	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	3.9	0.3	9.5	6.1	15.6
2038	57.2	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.5	6.1	15.6
2039	57.3	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.5	6.2	15.7
2040	57.4	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.6	6.2	15.7
2041	57.6	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.6	6.2	15.8
2042	57.7	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.6	6.2	15.8
2043	57.8	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.0	0.3	9.6	6.3	15.9
2044	58.0	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.7	6.3	16.0
2045	58.1	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.7	6.3	16.0
2046	58.3	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.5	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.7	6.4	16.1
2047	58.3	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.6	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.7	6.4	16.1
2048	58.4	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.6	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.7	6.4	16.0
2049	58.5	1.4 1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.6	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.8	6.4	16.0
2050	58.5	1.4	2.0	2.3	1.1	8.6	1.7	4.1	0.3	9.8	6.5	16.0

Socioeconomic Indicators

